

10G-SFP-ZR+ 10Gb/s 1550nm SFP+ 100kmTransceiver

PRODUCT FEATURES

- Up to 11.3Gbps Data Links
- Up to 100km transmission on SMF
- EML transmitter and APD receiver.
- Metal enclosure for lower EMI
- 2-wire interface with integrated Digital Diagnostic monitoring
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- Specifications compliant with SFF 8472
- Compliant with SFP+ MSA with LC connector
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Commercial/Industrial case operating temperature range: 0°C to 70°C /-40°C to 85°C
- supported 9.8 to 11.3Gb/s reference-free
- Low power dissipation:

10G-SFP-ZR+: 1.5W power dissipation for Commercial temperature

10G-SFP-ZR+I: 1.8W power dissipation for Industrial temperature

APPLICATIONS

- 10GBASE-ZR
- SDH STM64

STANDARD

- Compliant to SFF-8431
- Compliant to SFF 8472
- RoHS Compliant.



Ordering information

| Product part Number | Media | Wavelength (nm) | Transmission Distance(km) | Temperature Range (Tcase) (℃) |
|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 10G-SFP-ZR+ | Single-mode fiber | 1550 | 100 | 0~70 |
| 10G-SFP-ZR+I | Single-mode fiber | 1550 | 100 | -40~85 |

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

10G-SFP-ZR+ serial SFP+ transceiver is designed for use in 10-Gigabit Ethernet links up to 100km over single mode fiber. The module consists of 1550 EML Laser, APD and Preamplifier in a high-integrated optical sub-assembly. Digital diagnostics functions are available via a 2-wire serial interface, as specified in SFF 8472. The module data link up to 100km in 9/125um single mode fiber.

I. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|----------------------|--------|---------|------|---------|------|------|
| Storage Temperature | Ts | -40 | - | 85 | °C | |
| Relative Humidity | RH | 5 | - | 95 | % | |
| Power Supply Voltage | VCC | -0.3 | - | 4 | V | |
| Signal Input Voltage | | Vcc-0.3 | - | Vcc+0.3 | V | |

II. Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|----------------------------|-----------|--------|---------|-------|------|--------------|
| Case Operating Temperature | Тор | 0 | - | 70 | °C | 10G-SFP-ZR+ |
| | ТОР | -40 | | 85 | ٠. | 10G-SFP-ZR+I |
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc | 3.14 | 3.3 | 3.47 | V | |
| Data Rate | BR | | 10.3125 | | Gbps | |
| Transmission Distance | TD | TD 100 | | km | | |
| Coupled fiber | Single mo | | | fiber | | 9/125um SMF |



III. Optical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Note | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|------|-------|------|----------|--|--|
| Transmitter | | | | | | | | |
| Average Launched Power | PO | PO 1 5 | | | dBm | Note (1) | | |
| Extinction Ratio | ER | 8.2 | | | dB | | | |
| Center Wavelength | λς | 1530 | 1550 | 1565 | nm | | | |
| Spectrum Band Width (-20dB) | σ | | | 0.3 | nm | | | |
| SMSR | | 30 | | | dB | | | |
| Transmitter OFF Output Power | POff | | | -30 | dBm | | | |
| Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty | TDP | | | 4.0 | dB | Note (2) | | |
| Output Eye Mask | Con | Compliant with IEEE 802.3ae | | | | | | |
| | Rece | eiver | | | | | | |
| Input Optical Wavelength | λ | 1270 | | 1610 | nm | | | |
| Receiver Sensitivity | P _{sen} | | | -25.0 | dBm | Note (3) | | |
| Input Saturation Power (Overload) | P _{sat} | -6.0 | | | dBm | | | |
| Receiver Reflectance | R _{rx} | | | -27 | dB | | | |
| LOS Assert | LOSA | -35 | | | dBm | | | |
| LOS De-assert | LOSD | | | -26 | dBm | | | |
| LOS Detect Hysteresis | P _{hys} | 0.5 | | | dB | | | |

Note:

- 1. Launched power (avg.) is power coupled into a single mode fiber with master connector. (Before of Life)
- 2. Measured with conformance test signal for BER = 10^-12.@10.3125Gbps, PRBS=2^31-1,NRZ,Optical source with worst ER, Wavelength 1550nm with 100km fiber
- 3. Measured with conformance test signal for BER = 10^-12.@10.3125Gbps, PRBS=2^31-1,NRZ,Optical source with worst ER, Wavelength 1550nm; back to back



IV. Electrical Characteristics

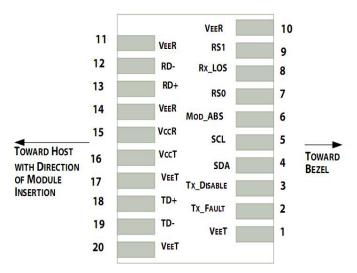
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | NOTE |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|------|-----|----------|------|--------------|
| Supply Voltage | Vcc | 3.14 | 3.3 | 3.46 | V | |
| Supply Current | laa | | | 450 | Λ | 10G-SFP-ZR+ |
| (Note 1) | lcc | | | 550 | mA | 10G-SFP-ZR+I |
| Transmitter | | | | | | |
| Input differential impedance | Rin | | 100 | | Ω | 2 |
| Single ended data input swing | Vin-pp | 180 | | 700 | mV | |
| Transmit Disable Voltage | V_{Dis} | 2.0 | | Vcc | V | 3 |
| Transmit Enable Voltage | V_{EN} | Vee | | Vee+ 0.8 | V | |
| Transmit Disable Assert Time | | | | 10 | us | |
| Receiver | | | | | | |
| Differential data output swing | Vout-pp | 350 | | 800 | mV | 4 |
| Data output rise time | tr | 28 | | | ps | 5 |
| Data output fall time | tf | 28 | | | ps | 5 |
| LOS output high level | V _{LOS-H} | 2.0 | | Vссноsт | V | 6 |
| LOS output low level | V _{LOS-L} | Vee | | Vee+0.8 | V | 6 |

Notes:

- 1. Measured with receive Pin=Psen, Vcc=3.3V, operation temperature range, without air flow
- 2. Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupled .
- 3. Or open circuit.
- 4. Into 100 ohms differential termination.
- 5. 20 80 %.
- 6. Loss Of Signal is LVTTL. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.



V. Pin Description



Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board

| Pin | Symbol | Name/Description | NOTE |
|-----|--------------------|--|------|
| 1 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground) | 1 |
| 2 | T _{FAULT} | Transmitter Fault. | 2 |
| 3 | T _{DIS} | Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open. | 3 |
| 4 | SDA | 2-wire Serial Interface Data Line | 4 |
| 5 | SCL | 2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line | 4 |
| 6 | MOD_ABS | Module Absent. Grounded within the module | 4 |
| 7 | RS0 | no connection | |
| 8 | LOS | Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation. | 5 |
| 9 | RS1 | Internally connect to circuit ground | 1 |
| 10 | V _{EER} | Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground) | 1 |
| 11 | V _{EER} | Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground) | 1 |
| 12 | RD- | Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled | |
| 13 | RD+ | Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled | |
| 14 | V _{EER} | Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground) | 1 |
| 15 | V _{CCR} | Receiver Power Supply | |
| 16 | V _{CCT} | Transmitter Power Supply | |
| 17 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground) | 1 |
| 18 | TD+ | Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled. | |
| 19 | TD- | Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled. | |
| 20 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground) | 1 |

Notes:

- 1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
- 2. T_{FAULT} is an LVTTL output.A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power or the laser temperature exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.
- 3. Laser output disabled on T_{DIS} >2.0V or open, enabled on T_{DIS} <0.8V.
- 4. Should be pulled up with $4.7k\Omega$ $10k\Omega$ on host board to a typical 3.3V voltage. MOD_ABS pulls low to indicate module is plugged in.



5. LOS is open collector output. It should be pulled up with $4.7k\Omega - 10k\Omega$ on host board to a typical 3.3V voltage. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

VI. Digital Diagnostic Functions

10G-SFP-ZR+(I) serial transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP+MSA. The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

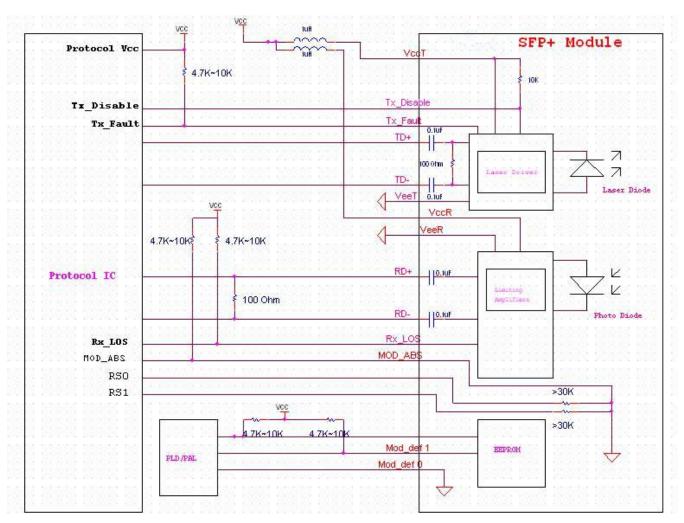
Additionally, Sate Optics SFP+ transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in EEPROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

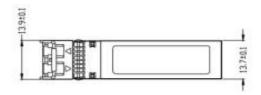


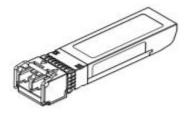
VII. Recommended Interface Circuit



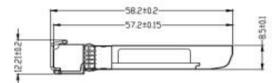


VIII. Outline Dimensions

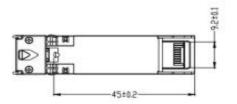












Units in mm